CITY OF CROSSVILLE, TENNESSEE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

CITY OF CROSSVILLE, TENNESSEE

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

OFFICIALS OF THE CITY OF CROSSVILLE JUNE 30, 2018

Board of Mayor and City Council

James Mayberry Mayor

Pamala Harris Councilmember

Danny Wyatt Councilmember

J.H. Graham III Mayor Pro Tem

Scot Shanks Councilmember

Appointed Officials

Greg Wood City Manager

Fred Houston, CPA Finance Director

FINANCIAL SECTION

The MG Group, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS Tullahoma, Tennessee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Crossville, Tennessee

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the statement of budgetary comparison for the general fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Crossville, Tennessee, (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the statement of budgetary comparison for the general fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Crossville, Tennessee as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

The City of Crossville, Tennessee has adopted the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing basic financial statements, in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplemental and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, supplementary and other information sections as listed in the table of contents are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the supplementary information including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance, schedules of principal and interest requirements for governmental and enterprise funds, and changes in property taxes receivable are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit and the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and other information listed in the table of contents as schedule of property tax rates and assessments, schedule of utility rate structure and number of customers, and AWWA water loss worksheets have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 25, 2018, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Crossville, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Tullahoma, Tennessee

MG Group, P.C.

October 25, 2018

As management of the City of Crossville, Tennessee (the City) we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The analysis focuses on significant financial position, budget changes and variances from the budget, and specific issues related to funds and the economic factors affecting the City.

Financial Highlights:

- The assets of the City of Crossville exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent year by \$106,719,823. Of this amount, \$21,264,339 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City of Crossville received from the U.S. Department of Transportation a Grant in the amount of, \$305,111 as a Northwest Connector.
- The City of Crossville received a grant from the U.S. Department of Justice in the amount of, \$1,693 for Bulletproof Vests.
- The City of Crossville received a grant from the State of Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development in the amount of, \$4,915 for the Crossville Three Star Program.
- The City of Crossville Police Department also received a grant from the Governor's Highway Safety in the amount of, \$30,794 for Alcohol Saturation and Checkpoints.
- The City of Crossville received from the Tennessee Department of Agriculture a State Tree Board Grant in the amount of, \$25,600.
- The City of Crossville receives Aeronautics grants totaling \$7,112 for work done at the airport.
- The City of Crossville has grants from the Tennessee Department of Transportation for Edison Grants. These are used for Recreation Park and a Site grant. The monies received for 2017 was \$642,702.
- The City of Crossville received from the Tennessee Department of Agriculture a Tennessee Agriculture Enhancement Program Grant in the amount of, \$5,000.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$51,823,196.

Overview of the Financial Statements:

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Crossville's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> – The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected tax and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Crossville include general government, public works, public safety, state street aid, and public welfare and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include Water and Sewer services.

<u>Fund Financial statements</u> — A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Crossville, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> – Governmental funds are funds used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at

the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may be better to understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other two governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements later in this report. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget, as well as for the nonmajor funds.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> – The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented in the business-type activities in the governmental-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Sewer operations, as well as the operation of the Catoosa Water System.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for Water and Sewer operations which is considered to be a major fund.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u>. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Other information.</u> The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found in this report.

Financial Analysis of the Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Crossville, assets exceeded liabilities by \$106,510,915 at the close of this fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's assets (80%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Crossville's Net Position

	Governmental 2018	Activities 2017	Business-type 2018	Activities 2017
Current and other assets	\$17,910,705	\$17,715,836	\$8,402,998	\$ 9,533,437
Capital Assets	<u>45,955,095</u>	44,560,728	71,754,858	72,220,730
Total Assets	63,865,800	62,276,564	80,157,856	81,754,167
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>2,136,205</u>	2,397,733	<u>694,103</u>	740,325
Total Deferred Outflows	2,136,205	2,397,733	694,103	740,325
Long-term liabilities outstanding	10,096,658	9,664,130	25,233,145	28,289,728
Other Liabilities	<u>1,163,539</u>	<u>539,165</u>	<u>663,875</u>	<u>302,384</u>
Total Liabilities	11,260,197	10,203,295	25,897,020	28,592,112
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,918,612	2,707,912	<u>58,312</u>	<u>-72,891</u>
Total Deferred Inflows	2,918,612	2,707,912	58,312	-72,891
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	37,945,959	34,364,325	47,098,180	44,421,523
Restricted	411,345	454,123	-	-
Unrestricted	<u>13,465,892</u>	<u>16,944,642</u>	7,798,447	9,553,748
Total net position	<u>\$51,823,196</u>	<u>\$51,763,090</u>	<u>\$54,896,627</u>	<u>\$53,975,271</u>

<u>Changes in net position</u>. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$60,106. Business-type activities net position increased by \$921,356.

City of Crossville's Changes in Net Position

		Government	al Activities	Business-type Activi		
Revenues		<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	
Program revenues						
Charges for se	ervices	\$ 362,655	\$ 437,632	\$10,544,634	\$10,414,449	
Operating gra	nts and contributions	593,712	319,927	-	250,259	
Capital grants	and contributions	588,492	983,925	-	-	
General Revenues						
Property taxe	s	2,485,511	2,551,314	-	-	
Sales taxes		8,027,070	7,839,340	-	-	
Other taxes		4,502,342	3,438,815	-	-	
Other		1,189,808	1,264,564	106,688	20,972	
Transfers		200,000	196,824	-200,000	-196,824	
	Total revenues	\$ 17,949,590	<u>\$ 17,032,341</u>	\$10,451,322	<u>\$10,488,856</u>	
Governmental Activities						
General Gove	rnment	\$3,446,846	\$ 3,342,073	-	-	
Public Safety		7,469,302	5,734,408	-	-	
Public Works		2,898,008	1,964,330	-	-	
Recreation		87,258	1,348,073	-	-	
Other		2,418,522	838,380	-	-	
Debt Service		222,923	258,889			
Water & Sewer						
water & Jewer	Total expenses	<u>\$16,542,859</u>	<u>\$13,486,153</u>	<u>\$9,212,910</u>	\$ 8,917,519	
	Change in Net Position	1,406,731	3,546,188	1,238,412	1,571,337	
	Net Position, as previously reported	51,763,090	48,216,902	53,975,271	52,137,932	
	Prior Period Adjustment	-1,346,625	31,345	-317,056	388,493	
	Net Position, beg. Of year as restated	<u>50,416,465</u>	48,248,247	53,658,215	52,526,425	
	Net Position, end of year	<u>\$51,823,196</u>	\$51,763,090	<u>\$54,896,627</u>	<u>\$53,975,271</u>	

Significant variances in Governmental Activities revenues and expenditures from that of the prior year were as follows:

• The overall expenditures increased by approximately \$3,056,706.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City of Crossville's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$51,823,196, a increase of \$60,106 in comparison with the prior year. Within the governmental funds, \$411,345 is non-spendable or restricted in the General and Other Governmental Funds.

The general fund is the chief operation fund of the City of Crossville, Tennessee. Due to the compliance of GASB 54, the general fund recognizes "unassigned" fund balance instead of "unreserved" fund balance. At the end of this fiscal year, this amount is \$ 13,650,458. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 81.25% of total general fund expenditures.

The City's general fund had a positive Net Change in Fund Balance of \$1,051,207.

Proprietary funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted Net Assets at the end of the year for the Water and Sewer Fund amounted to \$7,798,447.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The budget for income did not change.

Capital Assets

The City of Crossville's investment in capital assets from its governmental and business-type activities at June 30, 2018, amounts to \$117,709,948 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, building, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways and bridges. The total of the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year increased in the amount of, \$928,495 (a net increase of \$1,394,367 for governmental activities and a net decrease of \$465,872, for business-type activities).

City of Crossville's Capital Assets

	Governmental	Business-type			
	<u>Activities</u> <u>Activities</u>				
Land	\$ 8,104,968	\$ 574,816	\$ 8,679,784		
Buildings/land improvement and utility plant Equipment, Vehicles and	27,683,228	115,349,734	143,032,962		
furniture	10,323,603	4,472,922	14,796,525		
Infrastructure	21,582,373	-	21,582,373		
Construction in progress	5,218,375	4,169,152	9,387,527		
	72,912,547	124,566,623	<u>197,479,170</u>		
Less Accumulated Depreciation	<u>26,957,452</u>	<u>52,811,770</u>	79,769,222		
Net Capital Assets	\$45,955,09 <u>5</u>	<u>\$71,754,853</u>	\$117,709,948		

Additional information on the City of Crossville's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements section of this report.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current year, the City of Crossville had debt outstanding of \$32,640,447. Of this amount, \$1,843,497 is due in the next fiscal year.

City of Crossville's Outstanding Debt

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities Activities		Total
Principal due in the next fiscal year	\$ 431,784	1,411,713	1,843,497

The City of Crossville has a combined total debt decreased in the amount of \$3,601,919 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the City of Crossville's debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements section of this report.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Crossville, Tennessee's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, Mr. Fred Houston, CPA.

City of Crossville, Tennessee Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS	4 44 746 465		40.000.054
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 6,513,886 \$	18,230,351
Investment in pooled cash	686,451	-	686,451
Receivables	2 020 220		2 020 220
Taxes	2,929,328	462.640	2,929,328
Accounts receivable	52,534	462,618	515,152
Other receivables	493,265	28,246	521,511
Unbilled revenues	(44.6.204)	947,514	947,514
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(116,201)	(17,153)	(133,354)
Due from other governments	1,822,678	-	1,822,678
Accrued interest	78,495	-	78,495
Inventories	176,134	380,000	556,134
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	71,556	87,887	159,443
Capital assets, not being depreciated	13,323,343	4,743,968	18,067,311
Capital assets being depreciated, net	32,631,752	67,010,890	99,642,642
Total assets	63,865,800	80,157,856	144,023,656
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred loss on refunding	-	128,084	128,084
Related to pension	2,136,205	566,019	2,702,224
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,136,205	694,103	2,830,308
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	997,251	470,099	1,467,350
Accrued payroll and payroll liabilities	112,950	44,408	157,358
Accrued interest payable	25,129	23,710	48,839
Other payables	27,735	37,771	65,506
Due to other governments	474	-	474
Retainage payable	-	87,887	87,887
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due within one year	431,784	1,411,713	1,843,497
Due in more that one year	7,577,352	23,332,957	30,910,309
Compensated absences	308,823	92,837	401,660
Net pension liability	245,108	61,278	306,386
Net OPEB liability	1,419,040	334,360	1,753,400
Landfill postclosure care	114,551	· <u>-</u>	114,551
Total Liabilities	11,260,197	25,897,020	37,157,217
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Assessed and not levied property taxes	2,667,035	-	2,667,035
Related to pensions	233,249	58,312	291,561
Other deferred/unavailable revenue	18,328	-	18,328
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,918,612	58,312	2,976,924
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	37,945,959	47,098,180	85,044,139
Restricted for:	-		
Streets and roads	288,469	-	288,469
Drug control and investigation	122,876	-	122,876
Unrestricted	13,465,892	7,798,447	21,264,339
Total net position	\$ 51,823,196	\$ 54,896,627 \$	106,719,823

City of Crossville, Tennessee Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	<u></u> -		Program Revenues Operating	Capital	Net (Expen	ges in	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Primary government:	·						
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 3,446,846 \$	99,115	\$ 197,178	\$ -	\$ (3,150,553)	\$ - \$	(3,150,553)
Public safety	7,469,302	19,821	18,018	-	(7,431,463)	-	(7,431,463)
Public works	2,898,008	-	-	305,111	(2,592,897)	-	(2,592,897)
Cemeteries	87,258	-	-	-	(87,258)	-	(87,258)
Airport	423,165	115,058	-	283,381	(24,726)	-	(24,726)
Parks and recreation	1,488,715	128,661	-	-	(1,360,054)	-	(1,360,054)
Tourism development	325,780	-	-	-	(325,780)	-	(325,780)
Health and welfare	180,862	-	378,516	-	197,654	-	197,654
Interest on Long-Term Debt	222,923	-	-	-	(222,923)	-	(222,923)
Total Governmental Activities	16,542,859	362,655	593,712	588,492	(14,998,000)	-	(14,998,000)
Business-type activities							
Water and Sewer	9,212,910	10,544,634	-	-	-	1,331,724	1,331,724
Total Primary Government	\$ 25,755,769 \$	10,907,289	\$ 593,712	\$ 588,492	(14,998,000)	1,331,724	(13,666,276)
	General revenues: Property taxes Interest and penalty In-lieu of taxes Local sales tax Wholesale beer tax Wholesale liquor tax Business taxes Cable TV franchise tax Telecommunications ta State sales tax State gas & motor fuel Other state revenue Fines & forfeitures Licenses and permits Other revenues Interest on investments Gain (loss) on sale of cap	tax			2,485,511 23,200 821,434 8,027,070 647,630 456,509 729,514 139,495 26,414 935,804 365,466 356,876 109,329 399,630 430,846 146,635 103,368 200,000	- - - - - - - 2,404 104,284 - (200,000)	2,485,511 23,200 821,434 8,027,070 647,630 456,509 729,514 139,495 26,414 935,804 365,466 356,876 109,329 399,630 433,250 250,919 103,368
		tal general revenues	and transfers		16,404,731	(93,312)	16,311,419
	Ch	ange in net position			1,406,731	1,238,412	2,645,143
	Net position - beginning	g, as previously repor	ted		51,763,090	53,975,271	105,738,361
	Effect of change in accor	unting principle			(1,346,625)	(317,056)	(1,663,681)
	Net position - beginning	, as restated			50,416,465	53,658,215	104,074,680
	Net position - ending				\$ 51,823,196	\$ 54,896,627 \$	106,719,823

City of Crossville, Tennessee Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		General		Capital General Projects		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS																																								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,552,300	\$	17,804	\$	146,361	\$	11,716,465																																
Investment in pooled cash		445,553		-		240,898		686,451																																
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		71,556		-		-		71,556																																
Accounts receivable		52,534		-				52,534																																
Allowance for uncollectibles		(5,247)		-		-		(5,247)																																
Due from other governments		1,789,360		-		33,318		1,822,678																																
Property taxes receivable		2,929,328		-		-		2,929,328																																
Allowance for uncollectible property taxes		(110,954)		-		-		(110,954)																																
Other receivables		493,265		-		-		493,265																																
Interest receivable		78,495		-		-		78,495																																
Inventory		176,134		-		-		176,134																																
Total assets	\$	17,472,324	\$	17,804	\$	420,577	\$	17,910,705																																
LIABILITIES																																								
Accounts payable	\$	970,215	\$	17,804	\$	9,232	\$	997,251																																
Accrued payroll and accrued liabilities		112,950		-		-		112,950																																
Other payables		27,735		-		-		27,735																																
Interest payable		25,129		-		-		25,129																																
Due to other governments		474		-		-		474																																
Total liabilities		1,136,503		17,804		9,232		1,163,539																																
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																																								
Assessed and not levied property taxes		2,667,035		-		-		2,667,035																																
Other deferred/unavailable revenue		18,328		-		-		18,328																																
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,685,363		-		-		2,685,363																																
FUND BALANCES																																								
Non-spendable		176,134		-		-		176,134																																
Restricted						411,345		411,345																																
Unassigned		13,474,324		-		_		13,474,324																																
Total fund balances		13,650,458		-		411,345		14,061,803																																
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	17,472,324	\$	17,804	\$	420,577	\$	17,910,705																																

City of Crossville, Tennessee Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances - balance sheet - governmental funds			\$ 14,061,803
(1)			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources			
and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:			
Land	\$	8,104,968	
Construction in progress		5,218,376	
Improvements other than buildings		17,615,355	
Buildings and plant		10,067,873	
Vehicles		5,029,353	
Rolling stock		1,417,179	
Other equipment		3,877,070	
Infrastructure		21,582,373	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(26,957,452)	45,955,095
(2) Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and			
therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:			
Net pension liability	\$	(245,108)	
Landfill postclosure care costs	•	(114,551)	
Compensated absences		(308,823)	
Net postemployment liabilities		(1,419,040)	
Long-term debt due within one year		(431,784)	
Long-term debt due in more that one year		(7,577,352)	(10,096,658)
(3) Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred			
inflows of resources related to pensions will be amortized and recognized			
as components of pension expense in future years:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$	2,136,205	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(233,249)	1,902,956
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 51,823,196

City of Crossville, Tennessee Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General	Capital Projects	G	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:						
Local taxes	\$ 13,078,895	\$ -	\$	-	\$	13,078,895
Licenses and permits	399,630	-		-		399,630
Charges for current services	362,655	-		-		362,655
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	89,331	-		19,998		109,329
Other local revenue	263,386	-		37,150		300,536
Sale of surplus property	73,217	-		30,151		103,368
Intergovernmental	2,458,559	76,719		365,466		2,900,744
Investment earnings	143,420			3,215		146,635
Total revenues	 16,869,093	76,719		455,980		17,401,792
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	3,523,874	-		-		3,523,874
Public safety	7,838,128	-		56,460		7,894,588
Public works	2,110,187	-		278,460		2,388,647
Cemeteries	105,477	-		-		105,477
Airport	172,357	-		-		172,357
Parks and recreation	1,266,344	-		-		1,266,344
Tourism development	324,399	-		-		324,399
Health and welfare	180,862	-		-		180,862
Capital outlay	-	1,298,467		-		1,298,467
Debt service	648,623	-		-		648,623
Total expenditures	16,170,251	1,298,467		334,920		17,803,638
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	698,842	(1,221,748)		121,060		(401,846)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	200,000	1,221,748		-		1,421,748
Transfers out	(1,221,748)	-		-		(1,221,748)
Total other financing sources and uses	(1,021,748)	1,221,748		-		200,000
Net change in fund balances	(322,906)	-		121,060		(201,846)
Fund balances - beginning	13,973,364	-		290,285		14,263,649
Fund balances - ending	\$ 13,650,458	\$ -	\$	411,345	\$	14,061,803

City of Crossville, Tennessee Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (201,846)
Governmental funds reported capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expenses. The difference between capital outlays and depreciation is itemized as follows:		
Add: capital assets purchased in the current period Less: current-year depreciation expense	\$ 4,194,935 (2,080,918)	2,114,017
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.		
Less: book value of capital assets disposed Add: donations of capital assets	175,072 -	175,072
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, notes, capitalized leases and other loans) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar item when debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Long-term debt principal payment Compensated absences Landfill postclosure care costs Other changes in long-term liabilities	(425,700) (14,859) (26,931) 143,620	(323,870)
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The net effect of these transactions is to decrease net position.	(70,092)	
The current year's change in the net pension and net OPEB liability increases net expenses on the government-wide statements.	(286,550)	(356,642)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,406,731

City of Crossville, Tennessee Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

For th	ne Year E	inded June 3	30, 2	018			
				Variance			
		Budg Original	get	Final	_	Actual	With Final Budget
Revenues:		Original		rilidi		Actual	Buuget
Local taxes	\$	13,105,000	\$	13,105,000	\$	13,078,895	\$ (26,105)
Licenses and permits	·	337,500		337,500		399,630	62,130
Charges for services		284,200		284,200		362,655	78,455
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		89,950		89,950		89,331	(619)
Other local revenue		136,700		136,700		263,386	126,686
Sale of surplus property		10,000		10,000		73,217	63,217
Intergovernmental		4,378,690		4,378,690		2,458,559	(1,920,131)
Investment earnings		60,000		60,000		143,420	83,420
Total revenues		18,402,040		18,402,040		16,869,093	(1,532,947)
Expenditures: General Government							
City Court							
Contractual services		27,400		27,900		26,472	1,428
Contractual Services		27,400		27,900		26,472	1,428
		27,100		27,500		20,2	2) .20
<u>Legislative Board</u>							
Personnel expenditures		67,450		71,250		71,353	(103)
Contractual services		5,750		5,750		5,597	153
Supplies		850		850		147	703
		74,050		77,850		77,097	753
Central Staff							
Personnel expenditures		723,265		723,265		679,830	43,435
Contractual services		61,400		61,400		41,854	19,546
Supplies		21,750		21,750		17,897	3,853
		806,415		806,415		739,581	66,834
Information Technology							
Personnel expenditures		142,310		142,310		136,106	6,204
Contractual services		-		•			
Supplies		4,600 4,750		4,600 4,750		8,968 3,723	(4,368) 1,027
Capital outlay		23,000		23,000		23,034	(34)
Сарітаї оцпау		174,660		174,660		171,831	2,829
		,		,			_,===
Engineering							
Personnel expenditures		400,300		400,300		295,462	104,838
Contractual services		10,300		10,300		8,165	2,135
Supplies		24,700		24,700		9,486	15,214
		435,300		435,300		313,113	122,187
<u>Stormwater</u>							
Personnel expenditures		125,200		125,200		121,810	3,390
Contractual services		7,150		7,150		6,274	876
Supplies		4,550		4,550		3,857	693
		136,900		136,900		131,941	4,959
21							
Planning and Zoning		202.150		202 650		102 200	0.242
Personnel expenditures		202,150		202,650		193,308	9,342
Contractual services		90,425		90,425		24,540	65,885
Supplies		9,750 302,325		9,850 302,925		7,759 225,607	2,091 77,318
		- 32,020		- 32,323			. ,,515
General Government & Buildings							
Contractual services		182,450		182,450		168,389	14,061
Supplies		4,400		4,400		3,979	421
Fixed charges		1,300		1,300		843	457
		188,150		188,150		173,211	14,939

City of Crossville, Tennessee Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund (Cont.) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget			Variance With Final	
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	
		-			
<u>Maintenance</u>					
Personnel expenditures	765,200	765,200	712,662	52,538	
Contractual services	61,150	61,150	40,970	20,180	
Supplies	87,000	87,000	60,980	26,020	
Fixed charges Capital outlay	2,750 60,700	2,750 60,700	1,181 50,325	1,569	
Capital outlay	976,800	976,800	866,118	10,375 110,682	
A desirable se					
Adminstration Personnel expenditures	148,250	148,250	115,941	32,309	
Contractual services	260,950	260,950	162,094	98,856	
Supplies	5,000	5,000	4,286	714	
Fixed charges	225,350	225,350	206,983	18,367	
Grants, contracts and other	289,000	289,000	309,599	(20,599)	
	928,550	928,550	798,903	129,647	
Total general government	4,050,550	4,055,450	3,523,874	531,576	
				•	
Public Safety Police Department					
Personnel expenditures	3,130,100	3,130,100	2,804,144	325,956	
Contractual services	415,100	435,552	466,667	(31,115)	
Supplies	205,000	205,000	171,470	33,530	
Fixed charges	1,750	1,750	916	834	
Grants, contracts and other	54,500	54,500	60,010	(5,510)	
Capital outlay		-	23,235	(23,235)	
	3,806,450	3,826,902	3,526,442	300,460	
Fire Department					
Personnel expenditures	1,977,800	1,977,800	1,829,126	148,674	
Contractual services	390,450	404,540	470,020	(65,480)	
Supplies	179,100	179,100	97,763	81,337	
Fixed charges	750	750	911	(161)	
Grants, contracts and other	31,500	31,500	31,500	-	
Capital outlay	109,850	1,719,850	1,882,366	(162,516)	
	2,689,450	4,313,540	4,311,686	1,854	
Total public safety	6,495,900	8,140,442	7,838,128	302,314	
Public Works					
<u>Public Works Department</u>					
Personnel expenditures	780,275	780,275	695,487	84,788	
Contractual services	609,650	620,558	430,803	189,755	
Supplies	144,198	144,198	115,555	28,643	
Building materials Fixed charges	849,360	849,360	607,275	242,085	
Grants, contracts and other	4,000 325,000	4,000 337,400	4,896	(896) 81,229	
Grants, contracts and other	2,712,483	2,735,791	256,171 2,110,187	625,604	
Total public works	2,712,483	2,735,791	2,110,187	625,604	
·		,, -	, -, -	/	
Cemeteries	77.600	77.600	67.063	0.707	
Personnel expenditures	77,600	77,600	67,863	9,737	
Contractual services	5,400	5,400	9,070	(3,670)	
Supplies	6,875	6,875	4,124	2,751	
Capital outlay	89,875	20,000 109,875	24,420 105,477	(4,420) 4,398	
Total cemeteries	89,875	100 075	105 477		
rotal terrieteries	03,073	109,875	105,477	4,398	

City of Crossville, Tennessee Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund (Cont.) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Variance	
	Budget			With Final	
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	
Municipal Airport					
Contractual services	113,000	113,000	108,724	4,276	
Supplies	1,100	1,100	1,119	(19)	
Fixed charges	4,200	4,200	2,921	1,279	
Capital outlay	602,000	602,000	59,593	542,407	
	720,300	720,300	172,357	547,943	
	,	,	,	,	
Total municipal airport	720,300	720,300	172,357	547,943	
Parks and Recreation					
Personnel expenditures	694,099	694,099	633,457	60,642	
Contractual services	379,075	379,075	355,131	23,944	
Supplies	123,450	153,850	144,198	9,652	
Fixed charges	6,500	6,500	5,501	999	
Capital outlay	176,000	176,000	128,057	47,943	
	1,379,124	1,409,524	1,266,344	143,180	
Total parks and recreation	1,379,124	1,409,524	1,266,344	143,180	
Tourism Development					
Marketing and Promotion					
Personnel expenditures	87,410	87,410	85,346	2,064	
Contractual services	27,000	30,000	34.470	(4,470)	
Supplies	3,275	3,275	2,773	502	
Grants, contracts and other	241,825	241,825	201,810	40,015	
·	359,510	362,510	324,399	38,111	
Total tourism development	359,510	362,510	324,399	38,111	
Health and Welfare Contributions to other agencies	184,647	190,647	180,862	9,785	
contributions to other agencies	104,047	190,047	180,802	3,783	
Debt Service					
Agent fees	6,000	6,000	700	5,300	
Principal	425,000	425,000	425,000	-	
Interest	225,000	225,000	222,923	2,077	
Total debt service	656,000	656,000	648,623	7,377	
Total expenditures	16,648,389	18,380,539	16,170,251	2,210,288	
·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Excess of revenues					
over expenditures	1,753,651	21,501	698,842	(677,341)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers out	(2,227,102)	(2,227,102)	(1,221,748)	(1,005,354)	
Transfers in	200,000	200,000	200,000	-	
Total other financing sources and uses	(2,027,102)	(2,027,102)	(1,021,748)	(1,005,354)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (273,451) \$	(2,005,601)	(322,906) \$	(1,682,695)	
Fund balances - beginning			13,973,364		
Fund balances - ending		<u>\$</u>	13,650,458		

City of Crossville, Tennessee Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

	Enterprise Funds						
	Ca	Catoosa		rossville			
	v	Water		Water/Sewer		Total	

ASSETS							
Current Assets:		470.056		12.115		400 504	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	170,356	\$	12,145	\$	182,501	
Investment in LGIP		1,617,411		4,713,974		6,331,385	
Accounts receivable, net		170,708		274,757		445,465	
Unbilled revenues		93,970		853,544		947,514	
Other receivables		75		28,171		28,246	
Inventory		103,871		276,129		380,000	
Total current assets		2,156,391		6,158,720		8,315,111	
Noncurrent Assets:							
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		5,521		82,366		87,887	
Capital assets:							
Land		128,968		445,848		574,816	
Buildings and plant	1	9,626,159		96,470,650		116,096,809	
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles		518,952		3,206,895		3,725,847	
Construction-in-progress		614,049		3,555,103		4,169,152	
Less accumulated depreciation		7,480,692)		(45,331,078)		(52,811,770)	
Total noncurrent assets		3,412,957		58,429,784		71,842,741	
Total assets	1	5,569,348		64,588,504		80,157,852	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred loss on refunding		128,084		_		128,084	
Related to pension		146,328		419,691		566,019	
Related to pension	-	274,412		419,691		694,103	
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable		90,117		379,978		470,095	
Accrued payroll and payroll liabilities		10,635		33,773		44,408	
Retainage payable		5,521		82,366		87,887	
Accrued interest payable		2,071		21,639		23,710	
Other current liabilities		14,899		22,872		37,771	
Bonds payable, current		343,300		1,068,413		1,411,713	
Total current liabilities		466,543		1,609,041		2,075,584	
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Bonds payable, net of current		4,627,252		18,705,705		23,332,957	
Compensated absences		22,146		70,691		92,837	
Net pension liability		15,320		45,958		61,278	
Total OPEB liability		88,884		245,476		334,360	
Total noncurrent liabilities		4,753,602		19,067,830		23,821,432	
Total liabilities		5,220,145		20,676,871		25,897,016	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Related to pension		14,578		43,734		58,312	
Related to perision		14,578		43,734		58,312	
NET POSITION							
NET POSITION Not investment in capital assets		0 426 005		20 661 205		47 000 100	
Net investment in capital assets		8,436,885		38,661,295		47,098,180	
Unrestricted		2,172,152	<u>,</u>	5,626,295	ć	7,798,447	
Total net position	\$ 1	0,609,037	\$	44,287,590	\$	54,896,627	

City of Crossville, Tennessee Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Catoosa Water		١,٨	Crossville /ater/Sewer	Total
Operating Revenues		water		rater/ Jewer	<u>10tai</u>
Charges for services:					
Metered water sales	\$	1,816,348	Ś	4,759,167 \$	6,575,515
Sewer service chgs	*	_,===,===	*	3,190,797	3,190,797
Customer service		12,731		14,470	27,201
Tap and connection fees		119,799		206,596	326,395
Penalties/ returned ck chgs		34,713		71,176	105,889
Misc revenue		994		347,978	348,972
Bad debt		(13,231)		(16,904)	(30,135)
Total operating revenues		1,971,354		8,573,280	10,544,634
Operating Expenses					
Transmission and distribution		505,945		2,079,020	2,584,965
Sewer treatment and disposal		-		1,903,348	1,903,348
Customer accounting and collection		202,468		316,193	518,661
Adminstration and general		61,676		418,597	480,273
Depreciation		530,968		2,515,095	3,046,063
Total operating expenses		1,301,057		7,232,253	8,533,310
Operating income		670,297		1,341,027	2,011,324
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Interest earnings		21,368		82,916	104,284
Leases		-		2,404	2,404
Interest expense		(115,203)		(544,462)	(659,665)
Bond service fees		(9,827)		(10,108)	(19,935)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(103,662)		(469,250)	(572,912)
Income before transfers		566,635		871,777	1,438,412
Transfer (out) to general fund		-		(200,000)	(200,000)
Change in net position		566,635		671,777	1,238,412
Net position - beginning (restated)- See Notes		10,042,402		43,615,813	53,658,215
Net position - ending	\$	10,609,037	\$	44,287,590 \$	54,896,627

City of Crossville, Tennessee Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	Enterprise Funds
Cash received from customers	\$ 10,544,634
Cash paid to employees for services	(1,532,794)
Cash paid to suppliers of goods and services	(3,854,315)
Net cash provided by operating activities	5,157,525
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Transfers (to) other funds	(200,000)
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities	(200,000)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Acquisitions of capital assets	(2,421,825)
Fees paid on bonds	(19,935)
Interest paid on capital debt	(659,665)
Principal paid on capital debt	(3,258,540)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(6,359,965)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Leases	2,404
Interest received	104,284
Net cash provided by investing activities	106,688
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(1,295,752)
Cash, beginning of year	7,809,638
Cash, end of year	\$ 6,513,886
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operations	
Operating Income	\$ 2,011,324
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided	
by operating activities	
Depreciation	3,046,063
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(171)
(Increase) decrease in unbilled revenues	(27,062)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(50,193)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension	33,414
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(239,776)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to pension	131,203
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability	41,646
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities	316,380
Net cash provided by operating activities	(105,303) \$ 5,157,525
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 5,157,525

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Crossville, Tennessee (the City) was incorporated under Chapter 362 of the Acts of Tennessee for the year 1901.

Executive and administrative authority resides with the Mayor, who is elected at-large, and the City Council, composed of five members, including the Mayor.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units (traditionally separate reporting entities) for which the City may be financially accountable and, as such, should be included within the City's financial statements. The City (the primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organizations; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; (3) the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units also may include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the budget, levies their taxes or issues their debt. The City had no component units at June 30, 2018.

Related Organizations

City officials are responsible for appointing the members of the boards of certain other related organizations, but the City's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments. The Mayor or the City Council appoints the Board members of the Crossville Housing Authority and the Public Building Authority of the City of Crossville, Tennessee.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to

customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one year for intergovernmental revenues and sixty days of the end of the fiscal period for property taxes and other revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund accounts for all financial resources applicable to the general operations of City government that are not properly accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the acquisition or construction of capital projects, other than those financed by Enterprise Funds. Revenues are derived primarily from the sale of general obligation bonds and notes, loans, intergovernmental revenues, and earnings on investments.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues include charges for services. Operating expenses include costs of services as well as materials, contracts, personnel and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The proprietary funds of the City are described in further detail below:

Enterprise Funds – These funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. The activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of the financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to private sector businesses.

<u>Crossville Water and Sewer Fund</u> - The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for operations of the City's water and sewer services. The fund's revenues are derived primarily from user fees. The proceeds of several bond issues and loans have been used specifically for the construction or acquisition of water and sewer systems and facilities. Since it is the intention of the City to repay these bonds and loans through water and sewer fund operations, these obligations are reported in this fund.

<u>Catoosa Water Fund</u> – This fund was originally a separate utility district which was acquired by the City and provides water service to citizens within and without the City. It functions as an operation separate from the City's Water and Sewer Fund in every respect with the exception of a common governing body.

Additionally, the City reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) or committed sources requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action.

Budget Policy and Budgetary Data

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

The City Finance Manager annually obtains information from all officers, departments, boards, commissions, and other agencies of City Government for which appropriations are made and/or revenues are collected and compiles the annual operating budget for the ensuing fiscal year beginning July 1. The compiled information, including various expenditure options and the means of financing them, is submitted to the Mayor.

During May and June, the City Council hears budget requests from agencies and departments at its regularly scheduled meetings. In addition, advertised public hearings are held to allow taxpayers' comments prior to final passage.

Prior to July, the City adopts an interim budget appropriating funds for the usual and ordinary expenses of the City Government in an amount not to exceed one-twelfth of the preceding year's operating budget for each month that the interim budget is in effect. Subsequently, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance with an operative date of July 1st.

Formal budgets are adopted for all funds. These formal budgets are adopted on a departmental basis and the line item estimates are from the appropriations ledger and not from a formal budget ordinance. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level. Transfers of appropriations between funds require the approval of the City Council. The City Finance Manager may make interdepartmental and intradepartmental transfers within the General Fund.

Major capital facilities and improvements, which are accounted for by the City within the Capital Projects Fund, are subject to budgetary control on a project basis. Appropriations for a specific project do not lapse until completion of the project. Because of the project nature of these funds, budgetary comparison statements on an annual basis do not provide meaningful information and, accordingly, are not presented in the accompanying financial statements.

The budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Encumbrance accounting is not utilized by the City and all unencumbered and unexpended appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at or above the fund level. All budgeted amounts shown in the financial statements and the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the amended budget (which may have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions to the annual budgets during the year). During the year ended June 30, 2018, several supplemental appropriations were necessary for capital purposes.

Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents - For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts due from banks, interest-bearing deposits at various financial institutions, and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments - Investments are stated at fair value, except for interest-earning investment contracts that have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase. Any change in the value of investments recorded at fair value is included in investment income. Fair value is based on quoted market prices.

Inventories and Prepaid Items - Inventories, principally materials, supplies, and replacement parts, are valued at cost in governmental and proprietary funds, with cost determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The costs are recorded as expenditures at the time individual inventory items are consumed (consumption method). Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Restricted Assets - Proceeds of bonds, as well as resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Also, amounts due from other governments may be included as restricted assets because their use is limited by grant agreements.

Capital Assets - Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value on the date contributed. Capital assets include public domain infrastructure assets consisting of roads, bridges, streets and sidewalks, sewers, lighting systems, and drainage systems. The City defines capital assets, other than infrastructure, as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of one year or greater. Infrastructure assets including streets, sidewalks, curbs, and guttering with an initial cost of \$10,000 or more are capitalized. Infrastructure assets including traffic signals, street lighting, and drainage systems with an initial cost of \$20,000 or more are capitalized.

Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Land and certain land improvements are inexhaustible capital assets and are not depreciated. Depreciation on depreciable capital assets is calculated on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 40 years

Machinery and equipment 3-7 years

Plant and infrastructure 20-40 years

Interest is capitalized on assets acquired with tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest capitalized is the net interest expense incurred (interest expense less interest income) from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project.

Bond Discounts and Premiums - In the governmental funds, bond discounts and premiums are treated as period costs in the year of issue. In proprietary funds, bond discounts and premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which does not differ significantly from the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of bonds payable. At the government-wide level any bond discounts and premiums in the governmental funds are adjusted and reported in the same manner as in proprietary funds.

Deferred Gain/Loss from Advance Refunding of Debt - In the proprietary funds (and for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements) the difference between the new debt and the net carrying value of the old debt on refunded debt transactions is deferred. The deferred gain/loss is amortized using the effective interest method over the life of the new debt.

Fund Equity - Governmental funds utilize a fund balance presentation for equity. Fund balance is categorized as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts with external constraints placed on the use of these resources (such as debt covenants, grantors, other governments, etc.) or imposed by enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council. Committed resources cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by the same type of action previously used to commit those amounts, either by resolution or by ordinance.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts the City intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the City Council or an official delegated the authority to assign amounts. This is the residual classification for all governmental funds other than the general fund. The City Finance Manager has been granted the ability to assign amounts to a specific purpose as part of the annual budget ordinance.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents the residual classification for the general fund or deficit balances in other funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order: (1) Committed, (2) Assigned, (3) Unassigned.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The City has unearned and unavailable revenue related to property taxes that qualifies for reporting in this category. The City also has deferred inflows and outflows related to the recording of changes in its net pension liability. Certain changes in the net pension liability are recognized as pension expense over time instead of all being recognized in the year of occurrence. Experience gains or losses result from periodic studies by the City's actuary which adjust the net pension liability for actual experience for certain trend information that was previously assumed, for example the assumed dates of retirement of Plan members. These experience gains or losses are recorded as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of Plan members. Changes in actuarial assumptions which adjust the net pension liability are also recorded as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of Plan members. The difference between projected investment return on pension investments and actual return on those investments is also deferred and amortized against pension expense over a five-year period. The City has deferred inflows and outflows resulting from the changes in the total OPEB liability each year, if applicable.

Revenues, Expenditures and Expenses

Substantially all governmental fund revenues are accrued. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for the following instances permitted by generally accepted accounting principles:

General obligation long-term debt principal and interest are reported only when due.

Inventory costs are reported in the period when inventory items are consumed, rather than in the period purchased.

Property Taxes - Property taxes are levied by the City annually based upon assessed valuations established by the State of Tennessee. The various types of property are assessed at a percentage of market value as follows:

Farm and residential real property 25%

Commercial and industrial property:

Real 40%

Personal 30%

Public utilities real and personal property 55%

The property tax levy is without legal limit. The rate, as permitted by Tennessee State Law and City Charter, is set annually by the City Council and collected by the City Treasurer. Property taxes are secured by a statutory lien effective as of the original levy date of January 1. Taxes are due August 1 and become delinquent December 1. Property taxes levied are recorded as receivables, net of estimated uncollectible amounts. The receivables collected during the current fiscal year and those collected by the City Treasurer related to tax levies for 2015, are recorded as revenue in accordance with the principles established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The net receivables estimated to be collectible subsequent to August 29, are recorded as unavailable revenues at June 30, 2018.

Grant Revenue - The City, a recipient of grant revenues, recognizes revenues (net of estimated uncollectible amounts, if any), when all applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources transmitted to the City before the eligibility requirements are met are deferred. Some grants and contributions consist of capital assets or resources that are restricted for capital purposes-to purchase, construct, or renovate capital assets associated with a specific program. These are reported separately from grants and contributions that may be used either for operating expenses or for capital expenditures of the program at the discretion of the City.

Investment Income - Investment income from pooled cash and investments is allocated monthly based on the percentage of a fund's average daily equity in pooled cash and investments to the total average daily-pooled equity in pooled cash and investments.

Compensated Absences - The City's policies permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave up to a maximum of 240 hours, except fire department employees may accumulate up to a maximum of 318 hours. Any unused, earned vacation leave in excess of the maximum is rolled over to accrued sick leave. In addition, contingent to annual budget approval, employees may be eligible to convert a maximum of 80 hours (96 for fire department employees) of accumulated vacation leave to cash each year provided the employee has a remaining balance of at least 60 hours (72 for fire department employees) after converting. Employees are paid their

unused vacation hours upon termination. Also, all employees may accumulate sick leave without limitation. At retirement, employees are not paid for unused sick leave, but unused sick leave time is credited to service time for retirement purposes. Any employee who ceases employment, other than due to retirement, forfeits all unused, earned sick leave.

The liability for compensated absences (unused vacation time) is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statements for government activities and for business-type activities. The current portion of the compensated absences is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources.

Interfund Transactions - During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds to provide services, construct assets and service debt. These transactions are generally reflected as transfers except for transactions reimbursing a fund for expenditures made by it for the benefit of another fund. Such transactions are recorded as expenditures in the disbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the receiving fund. Transactions that would be treated as revenues or expenditures if the involved organizations were external to the City are treated as revenues in the receiving fund and expenditures in the disbursing fund. Transfers within governmental activities and within business-type activities are eliminated upon consolidation.

Amounts owed to one fund by another are reported as due to/due from other funds. The interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as due to/due from other funds are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Indirect Costs - Certain indirect costs have been included as part of the program expenses reported for the various functional activities.

Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Pensions - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's participation in the Public Employee Retirement Plan of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS), and additions to/deductions from the City's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS for the Public Employee Retirement Plan. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Public Employee Retirement Plan of TCRS. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - For economic resources accounting the liability should be recognized for the total OPEB liability. For current resources accounting the liability should be recognized to extent that the liability will be paid with expendable available financial resources. This usually means to the extent that benefit payments have matured (are due and payable).

Net Position

The government-wide and business-type fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as invested in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted. The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Net Investment in Capital Assets - is intended to reflect the portion of net position which is associated with non-liquid capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt.

Restricted - represents a net position that has third party (statutory, bond covenant or granting agency) limitations on its use. The City's policy is generally to use restricted net position first, as appropriate opportunities arise.

Unrestricted - While management may have categorized and segmented portions for various purposes, the City has the unrestricted authority to alter these managerial decisions.

Pollution Remediation Obligations -The City recognizes pollution remediation obligations when an obligating event is identified, and a monetary estimate can be determined.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Compliance with Finance Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

The City incurred no material violations of finance related legal and contractual provisions.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Individual Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City had no material excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual funds.

Net Position/Fund Balance Deficit

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City had no fund balance deficits.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City uses a central cash and investment pool for certain Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds. The cash and investment pool balances are classified as cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying financial statements. The City's investment policy with respect to the cash and investment pool is to maximize investment earnings while maintaining an acceptable level of risk. Because investments in the pool must provide for the future needs of the City, flexibility and liquidity of investments are generally maintained at all times.

Interest rate risk - As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's policies require purchases of investments with maturities of two years or less. The City presents its exposure to interest rate changes using the weighted average maturity method. The City manages its interest rate risk by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio for the primary government. The City's investment portfolio did not experience any significant fluctuations in fair value during the year.

Custodial credit risk - The City's policies limit deposits and investments to those instruments allowed by applicable state laws. State statutes require that all deposits with financial institutions must be collateralized by securities whose market value is equal to 105% of the value of the uninsured deposits. At June 30, 2018, all deposits were covered by federal depository insurance or the Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool, by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name, or by the Federal Reserve Banks acting as third-party agents. State statutes also authorize the City to invest in bonds, notes or treasury bills of the United States or any of its agencies, certificates of deposit at Tennessee state-chartered banks and savings and loan associations and federally chartered banks and savings and loan associations, repurchase agreements utilizing obligations of the United States or its agencies as the underlying securities, the state pooled investment fund, and mutual funds. Statutes also require that securities underlying repurchase agreements must have a market value at least equal to the amount of funds invested in the repurchase transaction.

Credit risk - The City's policies are designed to maximize investment earnings, while protecting the security of principal and providing adequate liquidity, in accordance with all applicable state laws. The City's investment policy includes specific policies involving credit risk.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2018, consist of the following:

Primary Government	General Fund			Other evernment al Funds	ater and wer Fund
Property Taxes Allowance for Uncollectable Accounts Receivable, net Other Receivables	\$	2,929,328 (110,954) 47,287 571,760	\$	- - -	\$ - 445,465 28,246
Due from Other Governments Total	\$	1,789,360 5,226,781	\$	33,318 33,318	\$ 473,711

Taxes receivable include the uncollected property taxes from tax levies made during the current and past fourteen years, as well as the anticipated levy for the current calendar year. The allowance for uncollectible taxes is the weighted average percentage of prior year collections on delinquent taxes to the total delinquent taxes receivable at June 30, 2018.

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
General Fund	Capital Projects	To Fund Capital Projects	\$ 1,221,748
Water/Sewer Fund	General Fund	In Lieu of Taxes	200,000
Total Transfers			\$ 1,421,748

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	E	Beginning Balance	ı	Additions		isposals/ ransfers	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	8,060,501	\$	44,467	\$	-	\$ 8,104,968
Construction in progress		3,164,291		2,936,406		(882,322)	 5,218,375
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		11,224,792		2,980,873		(882,322)	13,323,343
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and plant		10,056,460		11,413		-	10,067,873
Other improvements		17,562,578		52,777		-	17,615,355
Infrastructure		20,289,963		1,292,410		-	21,582,373
Machinery & equipment		10,377,287		659,916		(713,600)	 10,323,603
Total capital assets being depreciated		58,286,288		2,016,516		(713,600)	59,589,204
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings, machinery, and							
other improvements		24,950,352		2,080,918		(73,818)	26,957,452
Infrastructure		-		-		-	-
Total accumulated depreciation		24,950,352		2,080,918		(73,818)	26,957,452
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		33,335,936		(64,402)		(639,782)	 32,631,752
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	44,560,728	\$	2,916,471	\$	(1,522,104)	\$ 45,955,095
	E	Beginning			D	isposals/	Ending
		Balance		Additions	T	ransfers	 Balance
Business-type Activities							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	574,816	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 574,816
Construction in progress		2,291,275		2,317,787		(439,910)	4,169,152
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		2,866,091		2,317,787		(439,910)	4,743,968
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and plant		115,920,906		175,903		-	116,096,809
Machinery & equipment		3,272,015		609,207		(155,375)	 3,725,847
Total capital assets being depreciated		119,192,921		785,110		(155,375)	119,822,656
Less accumulated depreciation for							
all capital assets		49,950,082		3,046,063		(184,375)	 52,811,770
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		69,242,839		(2,260,953)		29,000	67,010,886
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	72,108,930	\$	56,834	\$	(410,910)	\$ 71,754,854

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General government	\$ 178,503
Public safety	455,342
Parks & recreation	345,097
Streets	784,180
Sanitation	1,496
Cemetery	5,899
Airport	310,401
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,080,918

Business-type Activities:

Water and Sewer fund	\$ 2,515,095
Catoosa Water fund	530,968
Total depreciaton expense	\$ 3,046,063

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long -Term Debt

General Obligation Bonds, Capital Outlay Notes and Other Loans

The City issues general obligation bonds and other loans to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities for the primary government.

General obligation bonds, capital outlay notes and other loans are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation bonds and other loans outstanding were issued for original terms of up to 30 years for bonds and up to 20 years for other loans. Repayment terms are generally structured with increasing amounts of principal maturing as interest requirements decrease over the term of the debt. All bonds and other loans included in long-term debt as of June 30, 2018, will be retired from the Debt Service Fund.

General obligation and revenue bonds, and other loans are issued pledging the revenue of the Crossville Water and Sewer system and the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds and other loans outstanding were issued for original terms of up to 50 years for bonds and up to 30 years for other loans. Repayment terms are generally structured with increasing amounts of principal maturing as interest requirements decrease over the term of the debt. These bonds and the State Revolving Loan as of June 30, 2018, will be retired from the Water and Sewer Fund.

Debt outstanding as of June 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

Communicated Authorities	Interest Rates	Maturity Date	 Original Issue	 Balance June, 30 2018
Governmental Activities:				
Capital outlay notes	1.82%	2019	\$ 2,400,000	\$ 1,066,000
General obligation bonds	2.67% to 3.18%	2037	7,985,000	6,570,000
Other loans	1.55%	2024	 968,000	 370,000
			\$ 11,353,000	\$ 8,006,000
Business-Type Activities:				
General obligation and revenue bonds	1.75% to 2.95%	2034	\$ 17,869,000	\$ 16,599,000
Other loans	1.47% to 2.88	2038	 10,498,805	 8,045,121
			28,367,805	24,644,121
			\$ 39,720,805	\$ 32,650,121

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds and notes payable are as follows:

Years Ending		Governmen	tal Ac	tivities	Business-Type Activities				
June 30	Principal			Interest		Principal		Interest	
		_							
2019	\$	431,000	\$	213,588	\$	1,404,756	\$	554,695	
2020		1,231,000		190,057		1,442,018		525,415	
2021		306,000		184,494		1,475,656		503,967	
2022		313,000		178,526		1,514,686		482,098	
2023		319,000		171,863		1,559,105		459,691	
2024-2028		1,641,000		735,500		8,868,077		1,880,321	
2029-2033		1,965,000		464,488		7,282,452		797,216	
2034-2038		1,800,000		145,006		1,097,371		79,620	
	\$	8,006,000	\$	2,283,522	\$	24,644,121	\$	5,283,023	

A summary of long-term liability activity, including debt, for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Balance June, 30		.	Balance June, 30	Du	mounts e Within
Consequence and all Australia	 2017	 ncreases	 Decreases	 2018		ne Year
Governmental Activities						
Capital Outlay Notes	\$ 1,200,000	\$ -	\$ (134,000)	1,066,000	\$	134,000
Bonds	6,805,000	-	(235,000)	6,570,000		240,000
Other Loans Payable	426,000	-	(56,000)	370,000		57,000
	 8,431,000	-	(425,000)	8,006,000		431,000
Bond premium	14,505	-	(1,435)	13,070		1,435
Bond discount	(10,585)	-	651	(9,934)		(651)
Compensated Absences	293,694		(14,859)	278,835		-
Net Pension Liability	713,992	-	(468,884)	245,108		-
Net OPEB Obligation	207,121		(207,121)	-		-
Net OPEB Liability	 	 1,419,040	-	 1,419,040		
	\$ 9,649,727	\$ 1,419,040	\$ (1,116,648)	\$ 9,952,119	\$	431,784

	Balance June, 30 2017	ı	ncreases	ı	Decreases	Balance June, 30 2018	D	Amounts ue Within One Year
Business-Type Activities						 		
Bonds	17,242,000		-		(643,000)	16,599,000		660,000
Other Loans Payable	10,654,040		-		(2,608,583)	8,045,457		744,756
	 27,896,040		-		(3,251,583)	24,644,457		1,404,756
Bond premium	107,170		-		(6,957)	100,213		6,957
Compensated Absences	88,388		4,449		-	92,837		
Net Pension Liability	178,498		-		(117,220)	61,278		
Net OPEB Obligation	19,626		-		(19,626)	-		
Net OPEB Liability	-		334,360		-	334,360		
	\$ 28,289,722	\$	338,809	\$	(3,395,386)	\$ 25,233,145	\$	1,411,713

NOTE 8 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years, subject to maximum deferral limitations provided in the plan. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The plan assets are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participating employees under the Small Business Job Protection Act of 1996. In addition, the City has little administrative involvement and does not perform the investing function for the plan. As a result, the assets and liabilities associated with the plan are excluded from the City's balance sheets. The City does not contribute to the plan.

NOTE 9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The City provides retirement benefits through a Pension Plan and an Other Postemployment Benefits Plan. The following is a summary of each of these plans:

Pension Plan

Plan description. Employees of Crossville are provided a defined benefit pension plan through the Public Employee Retirement Plan, an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs.

Benefits provided. Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 8, Chapters 34-37, establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. The chief legislative body may adopt the benefit terms permitted by statute. Members are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's years of service credit. Reduced benefits for early retirement are available at age 55 and vested. Members vest with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related, and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2nd of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At the measurement date of June 30, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	98
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	112
Active Employees	<u>115</u>
Total Employees	<u>325</u>

The City withdrew from TCRS effective July 1, 2014. Employees hired after the date of withdraw are not eligible to participate in TCRS. Employees active as of the withdrawal date will continue to accrue salary and service credit in TCRS. The employer remains responsible for the pension liability for employees that were active as of the withdrawal date and for retirees of the employer.

Contributions. Contributions for employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Employees contribute 5 percent of salary. Crossville makes employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the employer contributions for Crossville were \$872,965 based on a rate of 12.59 percent of covered payroll. By law, employer contributions are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept Crossville's state shared taxes if required employer contributions are not remitted. The employer's ADC and member contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Crossville's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.75 to 3.45

percent based on age, including inflation,

averaging 4.00 percent

Investment rate of return 7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Cost-of-Living Adjustment 2.25 percent

Mortality rates were based on actual experience including an adjustment for some anticipated improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

Changes of assumptions. In 2017, the following assumptions were changed: decreased inflation rate from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent; decreased the investment rate of return from 7.50 percent to 7.25 percent; decreased the cost-of-living adjustment from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent; decreased salary growth graded ranges from an average of 4.25 percent to an average of 4.00 percent; and modified mortality assumptions.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2016 actuarial experience study. A blend of future capital market projections and historical market returns was used in a building-block method in which a best estimate of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) is developed for each major asset class. These best estimates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.5 percent. The best estimates of geometric real rates of return and the TCRS investment policy target asset allocation for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected	Target
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return	Allocation
U.S. equity	5.69%	31%
Developed market international equity	5.29%	14%
Emerging market international equity	6.36%	4%
Private equity and strategic lending	5.79%	20%
U.S. fixed income	2.01%	20%
Real estate	4.32%	10%
Short-term securities	0.00	<u>1%</u>
		100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.25 percent based on a blending of the factors described above.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from Crossville will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Increase (Decrease)

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Liability (Asset) (a)– (b)
Balance at 6/30/16	<u>\$22,824,804</u>	<u>\$21,932,314</u>	\$ 892,490
Changes for the year:			
Service cost:	411,762	-	411,762
Interest	1,704,397	-	1,704,397
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	101,542	-	101,542
Changes in Assumptions	579,067		579,067
Contributions-employer	-	914,088	(914,088)
Contributions-employees	-	-	-
Net investment income	-	2,478,568	(2,478,568)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(1,022,547)	(1,022,547)	-
Administrative expense	-	(9,785)	9,785
Other changes			
Net changes	1,774,221	2,360,324	(586,103)
Balance at 6/30/17	\$24,599,025	\$24,292,638	\$ 306,387

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents then net pension liability (asset) of Crossville calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Current		
	Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	<u>(6.25%)</u>	<u>(7.25%)</u>	<u>(8.25%)</u>
Crossville's net pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,720,898	\$ 306,387	(\$2,526,408)

Pension expense. For the year ended June 30, 2018, Crossville recognized pension expense of \$597,012.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. For the year ended June 30, 2018, Crossville reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual		
experience	\$ 598,837	\$ 291,561
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investment	1,444	-
Changes on Assumptions	482,556	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement		
date of June 30, 2017	1,619,388	(not applicable)
Total	\$2,702,225	\$ 291,561

The amount shown above for "Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2017," will be recognized as a reduction (increase) to net pension liability (asset) in the following measurement period.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2019	\$ 111.557
2020	440,121
2021	253,227
2022	(127,072)
2023	113,435
Thereafter	-

In the table shown above, positive amounts will increase pension expense while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2018, Crossville reported a payable of \$109,593 for required contributions to the pension plan for the year then ended.

Other Postemployment Benefits

The City adopted GASB Statement NO. 75 for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2017. An actuarial valuation has been completed of the liabilities for postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

Funding Policy and Other Information:

Plan description- The City currently pays for Other Postemployment Benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City provides postemployment medical benefits to all employees and their families who retire with at least 30 years of service and are not less than age 55 or with at least 20 years of service and are not less than age 60, until they are eligible for Medicare benefits. All active employees who retire directly from the City and meet eligibility criteria may participate.

Benefits provided - The City offers health insurance coverage to eligible pre-65 retirees participants of local governments. Insurance coverage is the only postemployment benefit provided to retirees. The City pays the full single coverage contribution rate for these benefits and approximately 55% of the contribution rate for family coverage. Other benefits such as dental and life coverage are available to retirees but are not deemed subsidized by the City. The OPEB plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and there are no assets accumulating in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Employees covered by benefit terms – In the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, the following employees and retirees of the City was covered by the benefit terms of the OPEB plan:

	Employees	Employee &	
Status	Only	Family	Total
Active	82	85	167
Retired	<u>12</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>15</u>
Total	<u>94</u>	<u>88</u>	<u>182</u>

This table reflect eligible active employees and retirees as of Jun8 based on the data provided. Excluded are plan participants who were 65 or older on that date or hire after that date.

The City establishes the required payments to the OPEB by employees through the blended premiums established for active and retired employees. Claims liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using actuarial and statistical techniques to establish premium rates. For

the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City paid \$116,027 to the plan for OPEB benefits as they came due.

Total OPEB Liability

Actuarial assumptions - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation/Discount Rate 3.88% (0.88% real rate of return plus 3.00%

inflation.

Salary increases 3.50%

Retiree's share of benefit-related costs

Healthcare cost trend rates

6.50% initial for FY2018 grading to 3.50% in

FY2024

No contribution paid by the retiree for single medical coverage and approximately 45% contribution for additional family medical coverage. Monthly contribution for retiree

for Network P is \$455.39 for Family, \$269.45

for retiree and spouse and \$209.28 for

retiree and children.

Unless noted otherwise, the actuarial demographic assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuations were the same as those employed in the July 1, 2017 Pension Actuarial Valuation of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS). These assumptions were developed by TCRS based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 - June 30, 2017. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience. Mortality tables are used to measure the probabilities of participants dying before and after retirement. The mortality rates employed in this valuation are taken from the RP-2014 Healthy Participant Mortality Table for Annuitants for non-disabled post-retirement mortality, with mortality improvement projected to all future years using Scale MP-2017. Mortality rates for impaired lives are the same as those used by TCRS and are taken from a gender distinct table published in the IRS Ruling 96-7 for disabled lives with a 10% load.

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was selected by reviewing the recent published Bond Buyer GO-20 bond index. This is one of the indices acceptable under GASB 75. This index is published weekly and is tending towards 4.00% in recent months. The Actuarial Report selected 3.88% as the discount rate for this valuation.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balances at June 30, 2017	Total OPEB Liability (a) \$ 1,777,672
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	47,916
Interest	68,111
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Change in assumptions	-
Benefit payments	(140,299)
Net changes	(24,272)
Balances at June 30, 2018	<u>\$ 1,753,400</u>

Changes in assumptions – is amortized over the average remaining service of active employees and inactive participants.

Sensitivity of total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability related to the City's OPEB plan, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.88%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.88%) than the current discount rate.

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase (4.88%)
	(2.88%)	(3.88%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,628,956	\$ 1,753,400	\$ 1,888,550

Sensitivity of total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability related to the LGOP, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate.

	Healthcare Cost			
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates		
	(5.50%)	(6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,599,442	\$ 1,753,400	\$ 1,933,920	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

OPEB expense - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$116,027.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB benefits from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
		of	of
	_	resources	resources
Differences between actual and expected experience		-	-
Changes of assumptions		-	-
Employer payments subsequent to the measurement defined by	late	-	-
Total	-	-	-
	=		

The amounts shown above for "Employer payments subsequent to the measurement date" will be recognized as a reduction to total OPEB liability in the following measurement period.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the year ended June 30:	
2019	-
2020	-
2021	-
2022	-
2023	-
Thereafter	-

In the table above, positive amounts will increase OPEB expense while negative amounts will decrease OPEB expense.

NOTE 10 - WATER SALES AGREEMENTS

In May 2007, the City entered into a water sales agreement with Fall Creek Falls Utility District ("FCFUD") as purchaser, and South Cumberland Utility District ("SCUD") as transporter. The term of the contract is for twenty-five years beginning from the date the transporter of the water begins delivering water to the purchaser. The contract stipulates that the City will sell portable treated water up to 10,000,000 gallons per month to FCFUD.

In November 2006, the City entered into a water service contract with SCUD to provide all SCUD's portable water needs provided that SCUD's demands do not exceed the City's capacity to furnish portable water to all of the City's customers. The contract became effective January 1, 2007, and terminates on December 31, 2018, unless, extended by mutual agreement by both parties. The initial contract price of the water is \$2.67 for each 1,000 gallons which is subject to rate adjustment annually on January 1st. The parties have agreed that any rate increase to SCUD will be the same percentage rate increase as established by the City's customers inside the City and shall become effective at the same time as the rate increase to the City's customers inside the City.

In April 2007, the City entered into a water service contract with Grandview Utility District ("GUD") to provide all of GUD's portable water needs provided that GUD's demands do not exceed the City's capacity to furnish portable water to all of the City's customers. The contract became effective May 1, 2007, and terminates on December 31, 2018, unless extended by mutual agreement by both parties. The initial contract price of the water is \$2.67 for each 1,000 gallons which is subject to rate adjustment annually on January 1st. The parties have agreed that any rate increase to GUD will be the same percentage rate increase as established by the City's

customers inside the City and shall become effective at the same time as the rate increase to the City's customers inside the City.

NOTE 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City is party to various lawsuits and claims in the ordinary course of their operations. Management believes that the potential adverse impact of these proceedings would not be material to the basic financial statements of the City. The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by grantor agencies. Such audits could result in reimbursements to the grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grants. City management is not aware of any potential losses from such disallowances and believes that reimbursements, if any, would not be material. The City has entered into various construction commitments. Such contracts include contracts for improvements to the water and sewer plant, and acquisition and construction contracts related to general government capital projects.

Several of these contracts were in progress but not completed as of June 30, 2018. The total contractual commitments outstanding as of June 30, 2018, were not significant and the City has sufficient funds available to cover these commitments.

NOTE 12. LANDFILL POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

The postclosure care costs of the City landfill closed in 1993 are accounted for in the primary government governmental activities. State and federal regulations require the City to place a final cover on all landfills after closure, and the City must perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions for 30 years thereafter. The City recognizes landfill postclosure care costs based on the amount of the landfill used during the year. The estimated liability for landfill postclosure care costs of \$141,481 at June 30, 2018 is based on the use of 100 percent of the capacity of the City landfill.

Changes in the estimated liability for landfill postclosure care costs for the year ended June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Estimated liability, June 30, 2017	\$	141,481
Costs Incurred		(26,931)
Estimated liability, June 30, 2018	<u>\$</u>	114,551
Due within one		
year		14,319

The estimated total current cost of the landfill postclosure care of \$114,551 is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfills were acquired at June 30, 2018. However, the actual cost of postclosure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

NOTE 13. IMPLEMENTATION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD PRONOUNCEMENTS

In July 2017, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. The pronouncement establishes standards of financial reporting for defined benefit OPEB plans and defined contribution OPEB plans.

Under this pronouncement, employers providing certain Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions must measure and recognize liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses in connection with providing Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions to employees in their enterprise funds and government-wide financial statements. Footnote 14 addresses the prior period adjustments required to implement GASB No. 75.

NOTE 14. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Beginning net position of the Water/Sewer fund, as of June 30, 2017 was restated. The adjustment the effects of the implementation of GASB 75. Net position as of June 30, 2017 was restated from \$ 53,975,271 to 53,658,215.

Beginning net position in the governmental activities, as of June 30, 2017 was restated. The adjustment relates the effects of the implementation of GASB 75. Net position as of June 30, 2017 was restated from \$ 51,763,090 to \$50,416,465.

Required Supplementary Information

City of Crossville, Tennessee

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Based on Participation in the Public Employee Pension Plan of TCRS General Government Employees For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30th

	 2014	2015	2016	2017
Total Pension Liability (Asset)				
Service Cost	\$ 483,925 \$	465,416 \$	409,474 \$	411,762
Interest	1,419,255	1,525,912	1,658,850	1,704,397
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-
Differences Between Actual and Expected Experience	292,564	777,668	(437,343)	101,542
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-	579,067
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(658,561)	(851,717)	(1,029,393)	(1,022,547)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability (Asset)	1,537,183	1,917,279	601,588	1,774,221
Total Pension Liability (Asset), Beginning	18,768,754	20,305,937	22,223,216	22,824,804
Total Pension Liability (Asset), Ending (a)	\$ 20,305,937 \$	22,223,216 \$	22,824,804 \$	24,599,025
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employee Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Administrative Expense Other	\$ 845,936 \$ 1,581 3,001,114 (658,561) (6,446)	735,344 \$ 239 651,137 (851,717) (6,937)	668,277 \$ - 571,479 (1,029,393) (9,093)	914,088 - 2,478,568 (1,022,547) (9,785)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	3,183,624	528,066	201,270	2,360,324
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning	18,019,353	21,202,977	21,731,043	21,932,313
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Ending (b)	\$ 21,202,977 \$	21,731,043 \$	21,932,313 \$	24,292,637
Net Pension Liability (Asset), Ending (a - b)	\$ (897,040) \$	492,173 \$	892,491 \$	306,388
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	104.42%	97.79%	96.09%	98.75%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 5,915,632 \$	5,387,134 \$	4,895,799 \$	5,078,268
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	-15.16%	9.14%	18.23%	6.03%

^{**}GASB 68 requires a 10-year schedule for this data to be presented starting with the implementation of GASB 68. The information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively prior to the implementation date. Please refer to previously supplied data from TCRS GASB website for prior years' data, if needed.

City of Crossville, Tennessee Schedule of Contributions Based on Participation in the Public Employee Pension Plan of TCRS For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30th

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 845,936	\$ 735,334	\$ 668,277	\$ 692,676	\$ 872,965
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	845,936	735,334	668,277	914,088	872,965
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (221,412)	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 5,915,632	\$ 5,387,134	\$ 4,895,799	\$ 5,078,268	\$ 6,935,272
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.30%	13.65%	13.65%	18.00%	12.59%

^{**}GASB 68 requires a 10-year schedule for this data to be presented starting with the implementation of GASB 68. The information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively prior to the implementation date. Please refer to previously supplied data from TCRS GASB website for prior years' data, if needed.

City of Crossville, Tennessee Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2018

	2018
Total OPEB liability	
Service cost	\$ 47,916
Interest	68,111
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes of assumptions	-
Benefit payments	(140,299)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(24,272)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	1,777,672
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 1,753,400
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,289,366
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	27.88%

^{**}There are no assets accumulating, in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, related to this OPEB plan. The amounts reported for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year end. This achedule is intended to display ten years of information. Additional years will be displayed as the become available.

CITY OF CROSSVILLE, TENNESSEE

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Valuation date: Actuarially determined contribution rates for fiscal year 2018 were calculated based on the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level dollar, closed (not to exceed 20 years)

Remaining Amortization Period

Varies by Year

Asset Valuation 10-Year Smoothed Within a 20% Corridor to

Market Value

Inflation 3%

Salary Increases Graded Salary Ranges from 8.97% to 3.71% Based

on Age, Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.5%, Net of Investment Expense, Including

Inflation

Retirement Age Pattern of Retirement Determined by Experience

Study

Mortality Customized Table Based on Actual Experience

Including an Adjustment for Some Anticipated

Improvement

Cost of Living Adjustment 2.5%

SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION SECTION

City of Crossville, Tennessee Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

		Special Reven	ue Funds	Total
	_	tate eet Aid	Drug Control	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	91,019 \$	55,342	\$ 146,361
Investment in pooled cash		173,364	67,534	240,898
Due from other governments		33,318	-	33,318
Total Assets		297,701	122,876	420,577
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		9,232	-	9,232
Total Liabilities		9,232	-	9,232
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted:				
Restricted for drug control and investigation		-	122,876	122,876
Restricted for streets and roads		288,469	-	288,469
Total Fund Balances		288,469	122,876	411,345
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	297,701 \$	122,876	\$ 420,577

City of Crossville, Tennessee Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 Special Rev	enu	e Funds	•	Total
	State Street Aid		Drug Control		Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Other local revenues	\$ -	\$	37,150	\$	37,150
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	-		19,998		19,998
Sale of surplus property	-		30,151		30,151
Intergovernmental	365,466		-		365,466
Interest earnings	 2,313		902		3,215
Total Revenues	367,779		88,201		455,980
Expenditures					
Drug investigation and control	-		56,460		56,460
Streets	278,460		-		278,460
Total Expenditures	278,460		56,460		334,920
Excess of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	 89,319		31,741		121,060
Net change in fund balances	89,319		31,741		121,060
Fund balances - beginning	 199,150		91,135		290,285
Fund balances - ending	\$ 288,469	\$	122,876	\$	411,345

City of Crossville, Tennessee Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual State Street Aid For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Bud	lget					Variance With Final
		Original		Final		Actual		Budget
Revenues State Gas & Motor Fuel Tax	\$	290,000	\$	290,000	Ś	365,466	\$	75,466
Interest earnings	Ą	500	۲	500	۲	2,313	ڔ	1,813
Total revenues		290,500		290,500		367,779		77,279
Expenditures								
Street lighting		287,000		287,000		278,460		8,540
Total expenditures		287,000		287,000		278,460		8,540
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures		3,500		3,500		89,319		85,819
Net change in fund balances	\$	3,500	\$	3,500	ŧ	89,319	\$	85,819
Fund balances - beginning						199,150		
Fund balances - ending					\$	288,469		

City of Crossville, Tennessee Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Drug Control Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	_	Bud Original	lget	Final	-	Actual		Variance With Final Budget
Revenues								
Drug related fines	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	19,998	\$	(2)
Sale of surplus/confiscated property		10,000	·	10,000	-	30,151		20,151
Interest earned		300		300		902		602
Miscellaneous income		-		-		24,860		24,860
Contributions		15,000		15,000		12,290		(2,710)
Total revenues		45,300		45,300		88,201		42,901
Expenditures Drug Investigation and Control Drug dog program Supplies Grants and contracts Capital outlay Total expenditures		10,000 5,000 25,000 - 40,000		10,000 5,000 25,000 - 40,000		13,624 2,446 12,390 28,000 56,460		(3,624) 2,554 12,610 (28,000) (16,460)
Excess of revenues								
over expenditures		5,300		5,300		31,741		26,441
Net change in fund balances	\$	5,300	\$	5,300	:	31,741	\$	26,441
Fund balances - beginning						91,135		
Fund balances - ending					\$	122,876	•	

CITY OF CROSSVILLE

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/Pass -Through Grantor/Program Title		Federal CFDA Number	Contract Number	Expenditures
Passed through Tennessee Department of Transpor	tation:			
Alcohol Saturation and Checkpoints Alcohol Saturation and Checkpoints		20.607 20.607	154AL17-54 154al1854/154al	2,051 28,743
Northwest Connector Total U.S. Department of Transportation	ı	20.205	Contract # 140210	305,111 335,905
TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC AN	D COMMUNITY DEV	ELOPMEN'	Γ	
Three Star Grant	х		33007-00100	4,915
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Total U.S. Department of Justice	Vests x	16.607	2009BUBX09049954	1,693 1,693
TN DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
State Tree Board Grant Tennessee Ag Enhancement Program		10.675 N/A	16-DG-11073147-001 Contract # 66565	25,600 5,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF TN DEPARTMEN	T OF AGRICULTURE		<u>-</u> -	30,600
STATE AWARDS				
Tennessee of Department of Transportation				
Aeronautics division grant Airport Colinx	Maintenance Fuel Truck	N/A N/A	Edison #53595 Edison # 49231	9,159 10,000 378,516
Department of Economic and Commu	nity Development		Edison # 50237	
	Site Grant		Edison #11645	179,773
		N/A	Edison # 50740	65,254
•	State Transportation Certified Sites			2,875 4,237
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS				649,814
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND S	TATE AWARDS			\$ 1,022,927

City of Crossville, Tennessee Schedule of Principal and Interest Requirements Governmental Activities June 30, 2018

Fiscal		E911 TM	BF 2	004	Series	A B	onds	Series B	Bor	nds	TMB	F		То	tal	
Year	P	rincipal	Ir	iterest	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	Principal	ı	nterest	Principal		Interest
2019	\$	57,000	\$	4,625	\$ 25,000	\$	122,944	\$ 215,000	\$	68,031	\$ 134,000	\$	17,988	\$ 431,000	\$	213,588
2020		59,000		3,913	20,000		122,413	220,000		63,731	932,000		-	1,231,000		190,057
2021		61,000		3,175	25,000		121,988	220,000		59,331	-		-	306,000		184,494
2022		63,000		2,413	25,000		121,456	225,000		54,656	-		-	313,000		178,525
2023		64,000		1,625	30,000		120,925	225,000		49,313	-		-	319,000		171,863
2024		66,000		825	30,000		120,288	230,000		43,688	-		-	326,000		164,801
2025		-		-	30,000		119,388	235,000		37,075	-		-	265,000		156,463
2026		-		-	30,000		118,488	310,000		30,025	-		-	340,000		148,513
2027		-		-	30,000		117,588	320,000		20,725	-		-	350,000		138,313
2028		-		-	30,000		116,688	330,000		10,725	-		-	360,000		127,413
2029		-		-	370,000		115,788	-		-	-		-	370,000		115,788
2030		-		-	380,000		104,688	-		-	-		-	380,000		104,688
2031		-		-	395,000		93,288	-		-	-		-	395,000		93,288
2032		-		-	405,000		81,438	-		-	-		-	405,000		81,438
2033		-		-	415,000		69,288	-		-	-		-	415,000		69,288
2034		-		-	430,000		56,838	-		-	-		-	430,000		56,838
2035		-		-	445,000		43,400	-		-	-		-	445,000		43,400
2036		-		-	455,000		29,494	-		-	-		-	455,000		29,494
2037		-			470,000		15,275	-		=	=		=	470,000		15,275
Totals	\$	370,000	\$	16,576	\$ 4,040,000	\$	1,811,663	\$ 2,530,000	\$	437,300	\$ 1,066,000	\$	17,988	\$ 8,006,000	\$	2,283,527

City of Crossville, Tennessee Schedule of Principal and Interest Requirements Business-Type Activities June 30,2018

Fiscal		SRF DW	'I 12	-116	SRF CWI	201	5-346	SRF 0	0-0	20	SRF-V	٧W	TP	SRF 2	201	0
Year	Pı	rincipal		Interest	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2019	\$	67,068	\$	26,592	\$ 74,952	\$	26,052	\$ 319,632	\$	28,260	134,232	\$	43,512	\$ 148,872	\$	47,736
2020		68,328		25,332	76,164		24,840	325,344		22,560	138,098		39,646	153,085		43,523
2021		69,624		24,036	77,400		23,604	331,140		16,752	142,075		35,669	157,417		39,191
2022		70,932		22,728	78,660		22,344	337,056		10,848	146,167		31,577	161,872		34,736
2023		72,276		21,384	79,932		21,072	343,068		4,836	150,376		27,368	166,453		30,155
2024		73,632		20,028	81,228		19,776	86,201		255	154,707		23,037	171,163		25,445
2025		75,024		18,636	82,548		18,456				159,163		18,581	176,007		20,601
2026		76,440		17,220	83,892		17,112				163,746		13,998	180,988		15,620
2027		77,880		15,780	85,248		15,756				168,462		9,282	186,110		10,498
2028		79,356		14,304	86,628		14,376				153,819		4,430	184,834		5,231
2029		80,844		12,816	88,032		12,972									
2030		82,368		11,292	89,460		11,544									
2031		83,928		9,732	90,912		10,092									
2032		85,512		8,148	92,388		8,616									
2033		87,120		6,540	93,888		7,116									
2034		88,764		4,896	95,412		5,592									
2035		90,432		3,228	96,960		4,044									
2036		92,148		1,512	98,532		2,472									
2037		23,307		108	91,718		869									
2038		7,684			8,414		11									
Totals	\$ 1	1,452,667	\$	264,312	\$ 1,652,368	\$	266,716	\$ 1,742,441	\$	83,511	\$ 1,510,844	\$	247,101	\$ 1,686,801	\$	272,736

City of Crossville, Tennessee Schedule of Principal and Interest Requirements Business-Type Activities June 30,2018

LGLP Series 2014 Refunding

Fiscal	LG	LP Series 20	14 V	Vater Loan	Lo	an	· ·	2012 Serie	es C	Bonds	Tota	al	
Year		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2019	\$	235,000	\$	50,400	\$ 285,000		89,948	\$ 140,000	\$	242,194	\$ 1,404,756	\$	554,694
2020		245,000		46,288	291,000		85,231	145,000		237,994	1,442,018		525,414
2021		255,000		46,113	298,000		83,508	145,000		235,094	1,475,656		503,967
2022		265,000		45,938	305,000		81,733	150,000		232,194	1,514,686		482,098
2023		280,000		45,763	312,000		79,919	155,000		229,194	1,559,105		459,691
2024		295,000		45,500	320,000		78,064	425,000		225,900	1,606,931		438,005
2025		305,000		45,238	327,000		76,153	610,000		213,150	1,734,742		410,815
2026		320,000		45,063	335,000		74,213	635,000		194,850	1,795,067		378,076
2027		330,000		44,800	343,000		72,218	655,000		175,800	1,845,701		344,134
2028		350,000		44,625	351,000		70,176	680,000		156,150	1,885,637		309,292
2029					359,000		68,088	695,000		135,750	1,222,876		229,626
2030					368,000		65,955	1,075,000		114,900	1,614,828		203,691
2031					377,000		63,759	1,205,000		82,650	1,756,840		166,233
2032					385,000		61,513	1,550,000		46,500	2,112,900		124,777
2033					394,000		59,232				575,008		72,888
2034					404,000		56,888				588,176		67,376
2035											187,392		7,272
2036											190,680		3,984
2037											115,025		977
2038											16,098		11
Totals	\$	2,880,000	\$	459,728	\$ 5,454,000	\$	1,166,598	\$ 8,265,000	\$	2,522,319	\$ 24,644,121	\$	5,283,021

City of Crossville, Tennessee Schedule of Changes in Property Taxes Receivable - by Levy Year June 30, 2018

	Property							Property				
	Taxes							Taxes			Ne	et
	Receivable		Anticipated	Abatements			F	Receivable	Alle	owance	Receiv	vable
Tax	Balance	Property Tax	Current Year	and				Balance		for	Balaı	nce
Year	July 1, 2017	Levied	Levy	Adjustments	Col	llections	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Unco	llectibles	June 30	, 2018
2018	0.59%						\$	2,667,035				
2017	0.59%				:	2,669,456				(178,441)	2,	419,920
2016	0.63%	425,928,952	2,683,354	73,474						(276)		33,089
2015	0.63%	415,156,189	2,615,491	30,346						(243)		7,943
2014	0.53%	409,292,914	2,169,252	18,813								6,045
2013	0.53%	384,426,995	2,037,469	13,583								1,485
2012	0.53%	373,269,625	1,978,329	12,244						-		1,111
2011	0.55%	369,102,842	2,030,073	8,724						-		1,556
2010	0.55%	355,988,256	1,957,943	3,973						-		
2009	0.55%	354,670,332	1,955,058	2,915						-		2,141
Before 2009				19,570						(16,232)		3,338
Totals		\$ 3,087,836,105	\$ 17,426,969	\$ 183,642	\$	2,669,456	\$	2,667,035	\$	(195,192)	\$ 2,	476,628

	A		Water Audit Sorting Workshee		c	WAS v5.0 American Water Works Associ copyright © 2014, All Rights Rese
Click to access definition Click to add a comment	Water Audit Report for: Reporting Year:		ville, TN 7/2017 - 6/2018			
	below. Where available, metered values sho ent (n/a or 1-10) using the drop-down list to t	he left of the inp	ut cell. Hover the mouse			the accuracy of the
To selec	et the correct data grading for each input			LONG (OS) FER TEAR		
	the utility meets or exceeds all criteria for	or that grade ar	nd all grades below it.		Master Meter and Sup	ply Error Adjustments
WATER SUPPLIED	Volume from own sources:		Enter grading 1,350.377	in column 'E' and 'J' MG/Yr + ?	-> Pcnt: 5 0.50% ()	Value:
	Water imported:	+ ? n/a	0.000	MG/Yr + ?	0 0	MG/Y
	Water exported:	+ ? 8	252.946	MG/Yr + ?	Enter pogetive % or ve	MG/Y
	WATER SUPPLIED:		1,090.713	MG/Yr	•	lue for under-registration ue for over-registration
AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION		-				Click here:
AGTHORIZED GORGOMI HOR	Billed metered:	+ ? 10	806.755		f	or help using option
	Billed unmetered: Unbilled metered:	+ ? n/a + ? 5		MG/Yr MG/Yr	Pont:	outtons below Value:
	Unbilled unmetered:		13.634		1.25%	MG/Y
De	efault option selected for Unbilled unn	netered - a gra	iding of 5 is applied b	ut not displayed	^	Jse buttons to select
	AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION:	?	820.389	MG/Yr		percentage of water supplied OR
WATER LOSSES (Water Supp	lied - Authorized Consumption)		270.324	MG/Yr	_ *	value
Apparent Losses					Pcnt: ▼	Value:
	Unauthorized consumption:		2.727		0.25%	MG/Y
Default	option selected for unauthorized cons				8.0	
	Customer metering inaccuracies: Systematic data handling errors:		12.286 2.017	MG/Yr MG/Yr	1.50% © O	MG/Y MG/Y
Defa	ult option selected for Systematic data					
	Apparent Losses:	?	17.029	MG/Yr		
Real Losses (Current Annual		_				
Real Losse	s = Water Losses - Apparent Losses:	?	253.295	MG/Yr		
	WATER LOSSES:		270.324	MG/Yr		
NON-REVENUE WATER	NON-REVENUE WATER:	?	270.324			
= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered	NON-REVENUE WATER:	?				
= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered SYSTEM DATA	NON-REVENUE WATER: + Unbilled Unmetered Length of mains: ctive AND inactive service connections:	? 7 + ? 8	283.958 125.0 12,938	MG/Yr		
= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered SYSTEM DATA	NON-REVENUE WATER: + Unbilled Unmetered Length of mains:		283.958 125.0	MG/Yr		
= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered SYSTEM DATA Number of a	NON-REVENUE WATER: + Unbilled Unmetered Length of mains: ctive AND inactive service connections: Service connection density: located at the curbstop or property line?	+ ? 8	283.958 125.0 12,938	MG/Yr miles conn./mile main	ne, <u>beyond</u> the property	
= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered SYSTEM DATA Number of a Are customer meters typically	NON-REVENUE WATER: + Unbilled Unmetered Length of mains: ctive AND inactive service connections: Service connection density: located at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service line:	+ ? 8	283.958 125.0 12,938 104 Yes	MG/Yr miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the	ne, <u>beyond</u> the property e responsibility of the utility)	
= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered SYSTEM DATA Number of a Are customer meters typically	NON-REVENUE WATER: + Unbilled Unmetered Length of mains: ctive AND inactive service connections: Service connection density: located at the curbstop or property line?	+ ? 8 ? + ? set to zero and	283.958 125.0 12,938 104 Yes	miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the of 10 has been applied		
= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered SYSTEM DATA Number of a Are customer meters typically Average length	NON-REVENUE WATER: + Unbilled Unmetered Length of mains: ctive AND inactive service connections: Service connection density: located at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service line: th of customer service line has been service.	+ ? 8 ? + ? set to zero and	283.958 125.0 12,938 104 Yes a data grading score	miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the of 10 has been applied		
= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered SYSTEM DATA Number of a Are customer meters typically Average length COST DATA	NON-REVENUE WATER: + Unbilled Unmetered Length of mains: ctive AND inactive service connections: Service connection density: located at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service line: th of customer service line has been service line and customer service line has been service line h	+ ? 8 	283.958 125.0 12,938 104 Yes a data grading score 110.0	miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the of 10 has been applied psi		
= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered SYSTEM DATA Number of a Are customer meters typically Average length COST DATA Total	NON-REVENUE WATER: + Unbilled Unmetered Length of mains: ctive AND inactive service connections: Service connection density: ocated at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service line: th of customer service line has been s Average operating pressure: annual cost of operating water system:	+ ? 8 	283.958 125.0 12,938 104 Yes l a data grading score 110.0 \$2,481,984	miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the of 10 has been applied psi		
= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered SYSTEM DATA Number of a Are customer meters typically Average length COST DATA Total Customer retain	NON-REVENUE WATER: + Unbilled Unmetered Length of mains: ctive AND inactive service connections: Service connection density: located at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service line: th of customer service line has been service line and customer service line has been service line h	+ ? 8 et to zero and + ? 5 + ? 10 + ? 10	283.958 125.0 12,938 104 Yes 1 a data grading score 110.0 \$2,481,984 \$6.55	miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the of 10 has been applied psi \$//Year \$//1000 gallons (US)		
= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered SYSTEM DATA Number of a Are customer meters typically Average length COST DATA Total Customer retail Variable p	NON-REVENUE WATER: + Unbilled Unmetered Length of mains: ctive AND inactive service connections: Service connection density: located at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service line: th of customer service line has been s Average operating pressure: annual cost of operating water system: unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): roduction cost (applied to Real Losses):	+ ? 8 et to zero and + ? 5 + ? 10 + ? 10	283.958 125.0 12,938 104 Yes 1 a data grading score 110.0 \$2,481,984 \$6.55	miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the of 10 has been applied psi \$//Year \$/1000 gallons (US)	e responsibility of the utility)	
= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered SYSTEM DATA Number of a Are customer meters typically Average length COST DATA Total Customer retain	NON-REVENUE WATER: + Unbilled Unmetered Length of mains: ctive AND inactive service connections: Service connection density: ocated at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service line: th of customer service line has been s Average operating pressure: annual cost of operating water system: unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): roduction cost (applied to Real Losses): SCORE:	+ ? 8 et to zero and + ? 5 + ? 10 + ? 10 + ? 10	283.958 125.0 12,938 104 Yes 1 a data grading score 110.0 \$2,481,984 \$6.55 \$409.50	miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the of 10 has been applied psi \$//Year \$/1000 gallons (US) \$/Million gallons	e responsibility of the utility)	
= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered SYSTEM DATA Number of a Are customer meters typically Average length COST DATA Total Customer retai Variable p	NON-REVENUE WATER: + Unbilled Unmetered Length of mains: ctive AND inactive service connections: Service connection density: cocated at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service line is the of customer service line has been a Average operating pressure: annual cost of operating water system: unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): coduction cost (applied to Real Losses): SCORE:	+ ? 8 et to zero and + ? 5 + ? 10 + ? 10 + ? 10	283.958 125.0 12,938 104 Yes 1 a data grading score 110.0 \$2,481,984 \$6.55 \$409.50	miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the of 10 has been applied psi \$//Year \$/1000 gallons (US) \$//Million gallons	e responsibility of the utility)	
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= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered SYSTEM DATA Number of a Are customer meters typically Average length COST DATA Total Customer retai Variable p	NON-REVENUE WATER: + Unbilled Unmetered Length of mains: ctive AND inactive service connections: Service connection density: located at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service lines: th of customer service line has been s Average operating pressure: annual cost of operating water system: unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): roduction cost (applied to Real Losses): SCORE:	+ ? 8 et to zero and + ? 5 + ? 10 + ? 10 + ? 10	283.958 125.0 12,938 104 Yes 1 a data grading score 110.0 \$2,481,984 \$6.55 \$409.50	miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the of 10 has been applied psi \$//Year \$/1000 gallons (US) \$//Million gallons	e responsibility of the utility)	
= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered SYSTEM DATA Number of a Are customer meters typically Average lenge COST DATA Total Customer retail Variable po WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY A W PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENT	NON-REVENUE WATER: + Unbilled Unmetered Length of mains: ctive AND inactive service connections: Service connection density: located at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service lines: th of customer service line has been s Average operating pressure: annual cost of operating water system: unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): roduction cost (applied to Real Losses): SCORE:	+ ? 8 + ? 8 + ? 8 + ? 5 + ? 5 + ? 10 + ? 10 + ? 10 + ? 10 ** YOUR SCOR	283.958 125.0 12,938 104 Yes 1 a data grading score 110.0 \$2,481,984 \$6.55 \$409.50 RE IS: 88 out of 100 *** loss is included in the ca	miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the of 10 has been applied psi \$//Year \$/1000 gallons (US) \$//Million gallons	e responsibility of the utility)	
= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered SYSTEM DATA Number of a Are customer meters typically Average lenge COST DATA Total Customer retail Variable po WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY A W PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENT	NON-REVENUE WATER: + Unbilled Unmetered Length of mains: ctive AND inactive service connections: Service connection density: located at the curbstop or property line: Average length of customer service line: th of customer service line has been service line: Average operating pressure: annual cost of operating water system: lunit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): roduction cost (applied to Real Losses): SCORE: ** reighted scale for the components of consumation:	+ ? 8 + ? 8 + ? 8 + ? 5 + ? 5 + ? 10 + ? 10 + ? 10 + ? 10 ** YOUR SCOR	283.958 125.0 12,938 104 Yes 1 a data grading score 110.0 \$2,481,984 \$6.55 \$409.50 RE IS: 88 out of 100 *** loss is included in the ca	miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the of 10 has been applied psi \$//Year \$/1000 gallons (US) \$//Million gallons	e responsibility of the utility)	
= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered SYSTEM DATA Number of a Are customer meters typically Average lenge COST DATA Total Customer retail Variable po WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY A W PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENT Based on the information provided	NON-REVENUE WATER: + Unbilled Unmetered Length of mains: ctive AND inactive service connections: Service connection density: located at the curbstop or property line? exerage length of customer service line: th of customer service line has been a Average operating pressure: annual cost of operating water system: unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): roduction cost (applied to Real Losses): SCORE: ** reighted scale for the components of consum ION: audit accuracy can be improved by address	+ ? 8 + ? 8 + ? 8 + ? 5 + ? 5 + ? 10 + ? 10 + ? 10 + ? 10 ** YOUR SCOR	283.958 125.0 12,938 104 Yes 1 a data grading score 110.0 \$2,481,984 \$6.55 \$409.50 RE IS: 88 out of 100 *** loss is included in the ca	miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the of 10 has been applied psi \$//Year \$/1000 gallons (US) \$//Million gallons	e responsibility of the utility)	
= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered SYSTEM DATA Number of a Are customer meters typically Average lenge COST DATA Total Customer retail Variable p WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY A w PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENT Based on the information provided 1: Volume from own sources	NON-REVENUE WATER: + Unbilled Unmetered Length of mains: ctive AND inactive service connections: Service connection density: cocated at the curbstop or property line? Average length of customer service line: th of customer service line has been service annual cost of operating water system: unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): roduction cost (applied to Real Losses): SCORE: ** reighted scale for the components of consumation: a undit accuracy can be improved by address	+ ? 8 + ? 8 + ? 8 + ? 5 + ? 5 + ? 10 + ? 10 + ? 10 + ? 10 ** YOUR SCOR	283.958 125.0 12,938 104 Yes 1 a data grading score 110.0 \$2,481,984 \$6.55 \$409.50 RE IS: 88 out of 100 *** loss is included in the ca	miles conn./mile main (length of service lin boundary, that is the of 10 has been applied psi \$//Year \$/1000 gallons (US) \$//Million gallons	e responsibility of the utility)	

CITY OF CROSSVILLE, TENNESSEE AWWA WATER SYSTEM ATTRIBUTES JUNE 30, 2018

	AWWA Free System Attributes	Water Audit S	
	Water Audit Report for: City of Cross Reporting Year: 2017-18		Ooppright © 2014, 7 th reights reserved.
	*** YOUR WATER AUDIT DA	TA VALIDITY SCORE	IS: 88 out of 100 ***
System Attributes:		Apparent Losses:	17.029 MG/Yr
	+	Real Losses:	253.295 MG/Yr
	=]	Water Losses:	270.324 MG/Yr
	? Unavoidable Annual	Real Losses (UARL):	105.07 MG/Yr
	Annual cost	\$111,542	
		cost of Real Losses:	\$103,724 Valued at Variable Production Cost
			Return to Reporting Worksheet to change this assumpiton
Performance Indicators:			
	Non-revenue water as percent by volum	ne of Water Supplied:	26.0%
Financial:	Non-revenue water as percent by cost		8.9% Real Losses valued at Variable Production Cost
٢	Apparent Losses per service	e connection per day:	3.61 gallons/connection/day
	Real Losses per service	e connection per day:	53.64 gallons/connection/day
Operational Efficiency:	·	gth of main per day*:	N/A
	Real Losses per service connection per day per psi pressure:		0.49 gallons/connection/day/psi
	real cosses per service connection per	uay per parpressure.	gallons/conflection/day/psi
	From Above, Real Losses = Current Annual	Real Losses (CARL):	253.29 million gallons/year
	? Infrastructure Leakage Inde	x (ILI) [CARL/UARL]:	2.41
* This performance indicator applies fo	r systems with a low service connection density	of less than 32 service	connections/mile of pipeline

City of Crossville, Tennessee Schedule of Tax Rates and Assessments June 30, 2018

Year of			Tax
Levy	Rate	Assessment	Assessed
2018	0.59%	451,656,720	2,667,035
2017	0.59%	452,066,777	2,669,456
2016	0.63%	425,928,952	2,683,354
2015	0.63%	415,156,189	2,615,491
2014	0.53%	409,292,914	2,169,252
2013	0.53%	384,426,995	2,037,469
2012	0.53%	373,269,625	1,978,329
2011	0.55%	369,102,842	2,030,073
2010	0.55%	355,988,256	1,957,943
2009	0.55%	354,670,332	1,955,058
2008	0.55%	348,200,080	1,915,107

City of Crossville, Tennessee Schedule of Utility Rate Structure and Number of Customers June 30, 2018

WATER AND SEWER CUSTOMER RATES

		Inside the City		Outside the City		
First 2,000 gallons						
Water	\$	10.68 Minimum Bill	\$	16.04	Minimum Bill	
Sewer		15.08 Minimum Bill		22.62	Minimum Bill	
All Over 2,000 gallons	_					
Water	\$	5.34 per 1,000 gallons	\$	8.02	per 1,000 gallons	
Sewer		7.54 per 1,000 gallons		11.31	per 1,000 gallons	
Utility Districts						
South Cumberland			\$	3.88	per 1,000 gallons	
Grandview				3.88	per 1,000 gallons	
Number of Customers						
		Inside the City		Outside the City		Totals
Water Customers						
Residential		3,870			7,428	11,298
Commercial		1,385			214	1,599
Industrial		31			1	32
Utility District Taps			_		9	9
Total Water Customers		5,286	=		7,652	12,938
Total Sewer customers		5058	_		25	5083

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE SECTION

The MG Group, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS Tullahoma, Tennessee

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Crossville, Tennessee

We have audited in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Crossville, Tennessee (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 25, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Tullahoma, Tennessee

Mg Group, P.C.

October 25, 2018

City of Crossville, Tennessee Schedule of Prior Year Findings June 30, 2018

Government Audit Standards require auditors to report the status of uncorrected findings for prior audits. In addition, OMB's Uniform Guidance requires auditees to report the status of all prior-year findings whether corrected or uncorrected. Presented below are financial statement findings along with their status from the Financial Statements and Supplementary Information of the City of Crossville, for year ended June 30, 2017.

Prior-year Financial Statement Findings

Prior Year Finding Number	Title of Finding	Status/ Current Year Finding Number
2017-001	Significant Deficiency: Documentation for Disbursements	Corrected
2017-002	Significant Deficiency: Lack of Segregation of Duties	Corrected
2017-003	Significant Deficiency: Cash Overdraft	Corrected
2017-004	Significant Deficiency: Confidential Funds Account	Corrected
2017-005	Significant Deficiency: Retainage in Construction Projects	Corrected

CITY OF CROSSVILLE, TENNESSEE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES June 30, 2018

PART I. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report gives an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the City of Crossville.
- 2. The audit of the financial statements of the City of Crossville disclosed no significant deficiencies in internal control and compliance.
- 3. The audit of the financial statements of the City of Crossville did not disclose any material weaknesses.

PART II. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

None reported for the year ended June 30, 2018.